

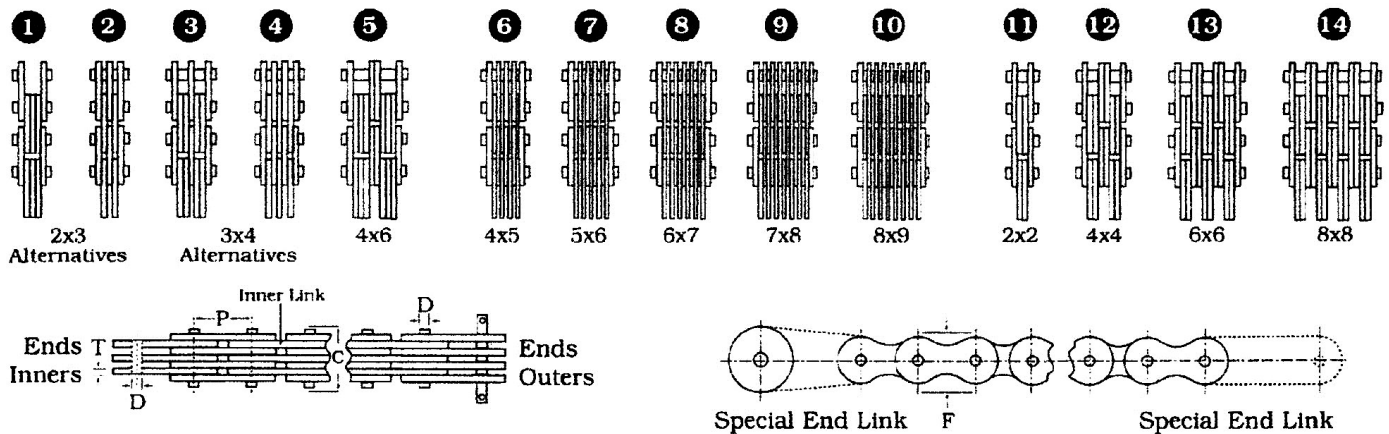


Chain Inspection Checklist

		COMMENTS	FAIL
1	Chain elongation		
2	Surface rust		
3	Link plate rust		
4	Seized links		
5	Twisted pins		
6	Loose link pins		
7	External wear		
8	Damage		
9	Broken plates		
10	Broken pins		
11	Excessive soiling		
12	Excessive noise		

Further explanation of the above points is provided on page 2 of the Checklist.

If the chain fails refer to the diagrams below and use the 'Identification Panel' to record the dimensions required to identify the chain.



CHAIN IDENTIFICATION

IF, WHEN ORDERING, THE STANDARD OR MANUFACTURER'S REFERENCE IS NOT KNOWN, THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION WILL ASSIST IN ENSURING CORRECT CHAIN IDENTIFICATION

Link marking / numbers:	<input type="text"/>	Rivetpin length (C):	<input type="text"/>
Pitch measured on the outerlink (P):	<input type="text"/>	Plate thickness (T):	<input type="text"/>
Link lacing numbers (see examples):	<input type="text"/>	Plate height (F):	<input type="text"/>
Rivet pin diameter in mm (D):	<input type="text"/>	Chain length in outer plates:	<input type="text"/>
Other info (ie. make / model of FLT):	<input type="text"/>	Chain endings inner / outer:	<input type="text"/>
		Both:	<input type="text"/>

Notes:

- All dimensions should preferably be checked with a micrometer or vernier calipers
- Some special end links employ anchor pin diameters different to rivet pin diameters
- Our technical department will be pleased to discuss any special chain requirements